

The balcony of a cruise ship is 25m above sea level. A person standing on the balcony sees two buoy's in the water below. The first buoy is situated directly east of her at an angle of depression of  $32^\circ$ . The second buoy is situated  $65^\circ$  south of east at an angle of depression of  $40^\circ$ . Find the distance (x) between the two buoys (B1 and B2) .

$$\tan(32^\circ) = \text{Opp}/\text{Adj}$$

$$\tan(32^\circ) = 25/\text{Adj}$$

$$.625 = 25/\text{Adj}$$

$$25/\text{Adj} * \text{Adj} = .625\text{adj}$$

$$25 = .625 \text{ adj}$$

$$\text{Adj} = 25/.625$$

$$\text{Adj} = 40\text{m}$$

$$B_1 = 40\text{m}$$

$$\text{Tan}40^\circ = \text{Opp}/\text{Adj}$$

$$\text{Tan}40^\circ = 25/\text{Adj}$$

$$.84 = 25/\text{Adj}$$

$$.84\text{adj} = 25$$

$$\text{Adj} = 25/.84$$

$$\text{Adj} = \sim 30\text{m}$$

$$X^2 = 30^2 + 40^2 - 2(30 \cdot 40) \cos 65^\circ$$

$$X^2 = 30^2 + 40^2 - 2(1200)0.42$$

$$X^2 = 30^2 + 40^2 - .84(1200)$$

$$X^2 = 30^2 + 40^2 - 1008$$

$$X^2 = 900 + 1600 - 1008$$

$$X^2 = 2500 - 1008$$

$$X^2 = 1492$$

$$X = \sqrt{1492}$$

$$X = 2\sqrt{373}$$

$$X = \sim 39$$

The distance between the 2 buoys is approximately 39 meters.