

Homework

1) DOS in 1D, 2D?

in 1-dimension

$$D(E)_{1D} = \frac{1}{L} \frac{dN}{dE}$$

$$N = \frac{2kL}{\pi}, \quad \frac{dN}{dk} = \frac{2L}{\pi}$$

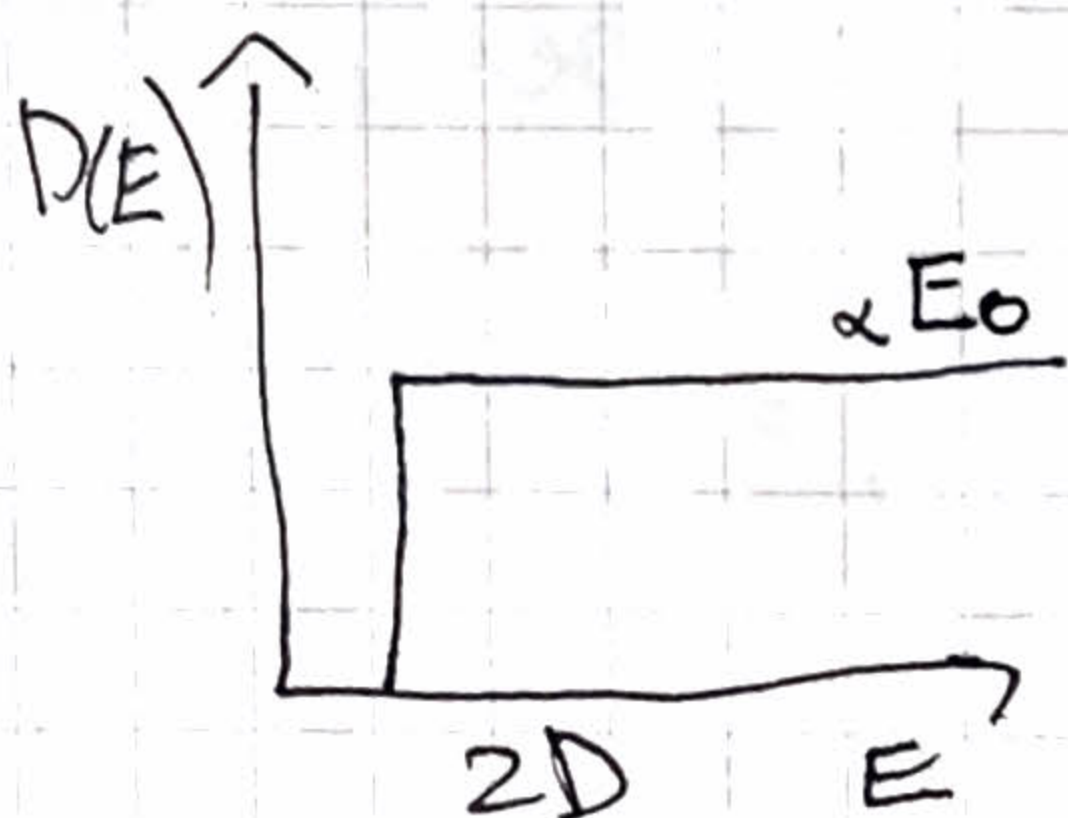
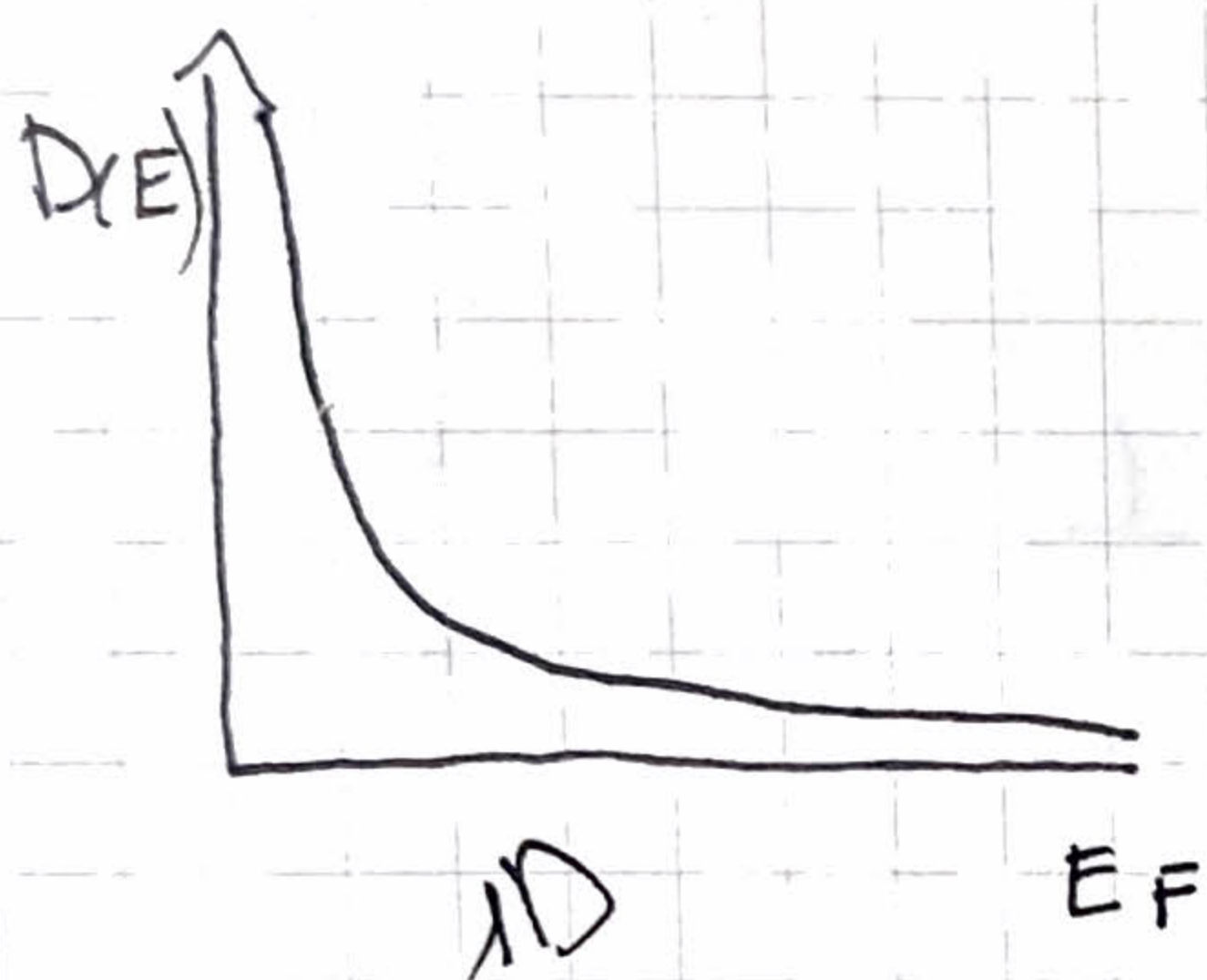
$$E = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}, \quad \frac{dE}{dk} = \frac{\hbar^2 k}{m}$$

$$D(E)_{1D} = \frac{1}{L} \frac{dN}{dk} \cdot \frac{dk}{dE} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{2L}{\pi} \cdot \frac{m}{\hbar \sqrt{2mE}} \quad \left(k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar} \right)$$

$$D(E) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\pi \hbar} m^{\frac{1}{2}} E^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\hbar} m^{\frac{1}{2}} E^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \left(\hbar = \frac{h}{2\pi} \right)$$

$$D(E) \propto E^{-1/2}$$



in 2-dimension

$$D(E)_{2D} = \frac{1}{A} \frac{dN}{dE}$$

$$A = \left(\frac{\pi}{L} \right)^2$$

k-space sphere:

$$A = \pi k^2$$

number of filled states in a sphere:

$$N = \frac{V_{\text{circle}}}{V_{\text{single state}}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot L^2}{2} \right) = \frac{k^2 L^2}{2\pi}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dk} = \frac{L^2 k}{\pi} \quad E = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m} \quad \frac{dE}{dk} = \frac{\hbar^2 k}{m}$$

$$\frac{dk}{dE} = \frac{m}{\hbar^2 k}$$

$$D(E) = \frac{1}{L^2} \cdot \frac{L^2 k}{\pi} \cdot \frac{m}{\hbar^2 k} = \frac{m}{\pi \hbar^2} = \frac{4\pi m}{h^2} \quad \left(\hbar = \frac{h}{2\pi} \right)$$

$$D(E) \propto E^0$$

2) DOS of phons

• in 1D

$$\epsilon(k) = 2\hbar\omega_0 |\sin(ka/2)|$$

a - lattice const.

small $k \rightarrow \epsilon \approx \hbar\omega_0 ka$

$$N = \frac{2kL}{\pi} \quad \frac{dN}{dk} = \frac{2L}{\pi}$$

$$D(\epsilon)d\epsilon = N(k)dk \cdot \frac{1}{L}$$

$$N(k)dk = \frac{dk}{(2\pi/L)} \cdot 2$$

$$k_i = \frac{2\pi}{L} m_i$$

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{2m\epsilon}{\hbar^2}} \quad dk = \frac{1}{\hbar} \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\epsilon}} d\epsilon$$

$$D_{1D}(\epsilon)d\epsilon = \frac{L}{\pi} dk$$

$$d\epsilon = \frac{\hbar^2 k dk}{m} \quad dk = \frac{m d\epsilon}{\hbar^2 k}$$

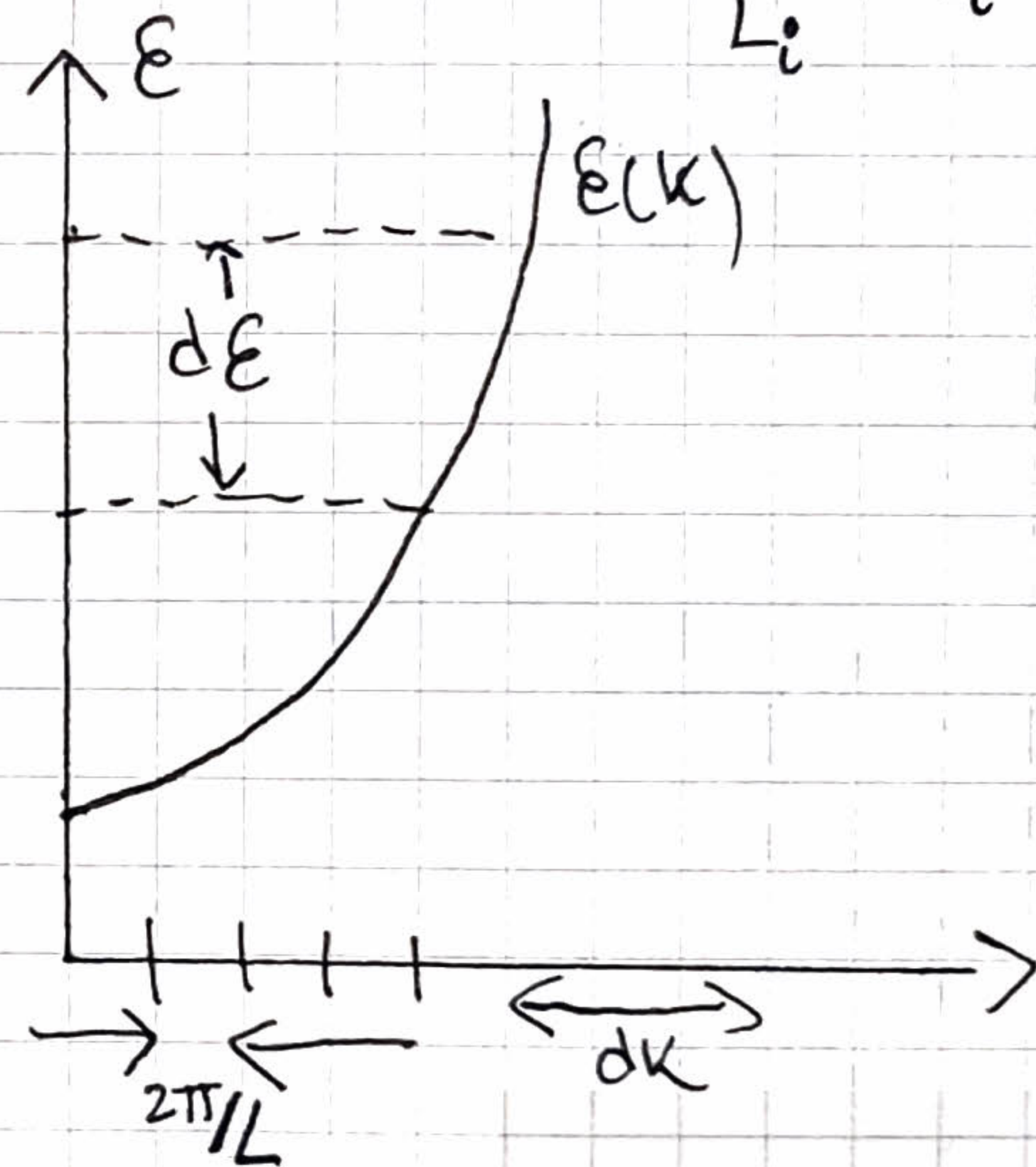
$$D_{1D}(\epsilon)d\epsilon = \frac{1}{\pi\hbar} \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\epsilon}} d\epsilon$$

Multiply by 2 for negative k-states

$$D_{1D}(\epsilon)d\epsilon = \frac{2}{\pi\hbar} \sqrt{\frac{m}{2\epsilon}} d\epsilon$$

$$v = \frac{\hbar k}{m} = \sqrt{2\epsilon/m}$$

$$D_{1D}(\epsilon)d\epsilon = \frac{2}{\pi\hbar v} d\epsilon$$



• in 2D

$$\left(-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2\right) \psi = \epsilon \psi$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial y^2} + k^2 \psi = 0 \quad k = \sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}}$$

$$\psi(x, y) = \psi_x(x) \psi_y(y)$$

$$\frac{1}{\psi_x} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{\psi_y} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial y^2} + k^2 = 0 \quad \text{where } k = \text{const}$$

$$\frac{1}{\psi_x} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} = -k^2$$

$$\frac{1}{\psi_y} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial y^2} = -k^2$$

$$k^2 = k_x^2 + k_y^2$$

$$\psi = A \sin(k_x x) + B \cos(k_x x)$$

$$k_x = \frac{n_x \pi}{L} \quad k_y = \frac{n_y \pi}{L} \quad \text{for } n = \pm 1, 2, 3$$

$$V_{\text{single-state}} = \frac{\pi}{a} \frac{\pi}{b} = \frac{\pi^2}{V} = \frac{\pi^2}{L^2}$$

$$V_{\text{sphere}} = \pi k^2$$

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}}$$

$$N = \frac{V_{\text{circle}}}{V_{\text{single-state}}} \cdot 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

number of filled states in a circle

$$N = \frac{\pi k^2}{\pi^2/L^2} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{k^2 L^2}{2\pi}$$

$$N = \frac{k^2 L^2}{2\pi}$$

$$N = \frac{\left(\sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}} \right)^2 L^2}{2\pi} = \frac{mL^2 E}{\hbar^2 \pi}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dE} = \frac{dN}{dk} \frac{dk}{dE} = \frac{L^2 m}{\pi \hbar^2}$$

$$D(E)_{2D} = \frac{L^2 m / \pi \hbar^2}{L^2} = \frac{m}{\pi \hbar^2}$$

$$D(E)_{2D} = \frac{m}{\pi \hbar^2}$$