

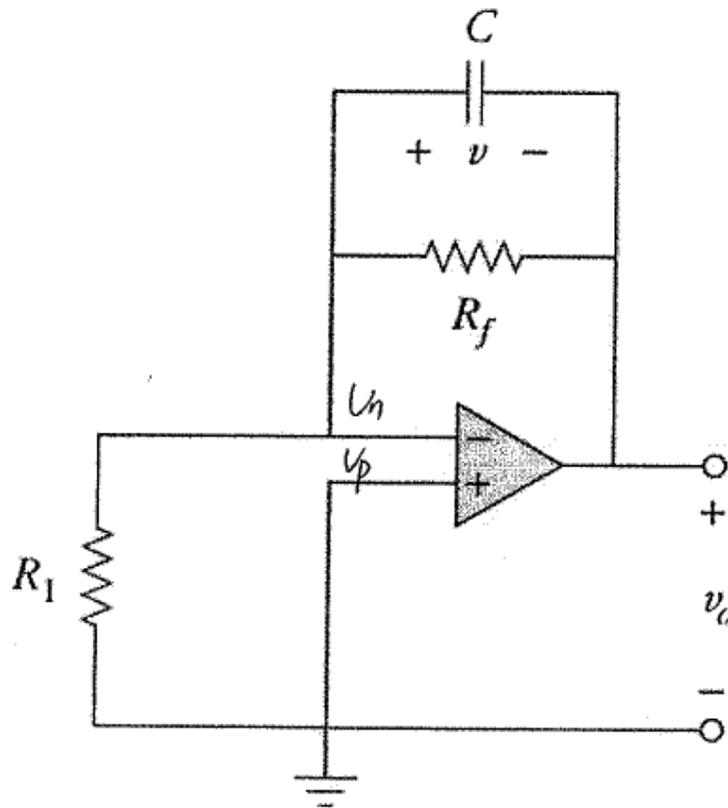
"Pessimism is just an ugly word for pattern recognition."

-Anonymous

Problem 1 Quickie

(12.5 points)

a) In the box below, provide a symbolic expression for v_o for $t > 0$ if $v(0) = 4$ V.



$$v_o = -v(0) e^{-\frac{t}{R_f C}} \quad (V) \quad t > 0$$

Ideal Op : $v_n = v_p = 0$. \therefore No current goes into R_1 .

$$\therefore \tau = C \cdot R_f.$$

$$v_o(\infty) = 0, \quad v_o(0) = -v(0)$$

$$\therefore v_o(t) = -v(0) e^{-\frac{t}{R_f C}} \quad (V)$$

b) If $R_f = 40 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, and $v(0) = 4 \text{ V}$, write the expression for v_o for $t > 0$ in the **BOX BELOW**. (2.5 points)

$$V_o(t) = -4 e^{-\frac{t}{0.4}} \text{ (V)} \quad t > 0.$$

$$R_f \cdot C = 40 \text{ k} \cdot 10 \text{ }\mu\text{F} = 0.4$$

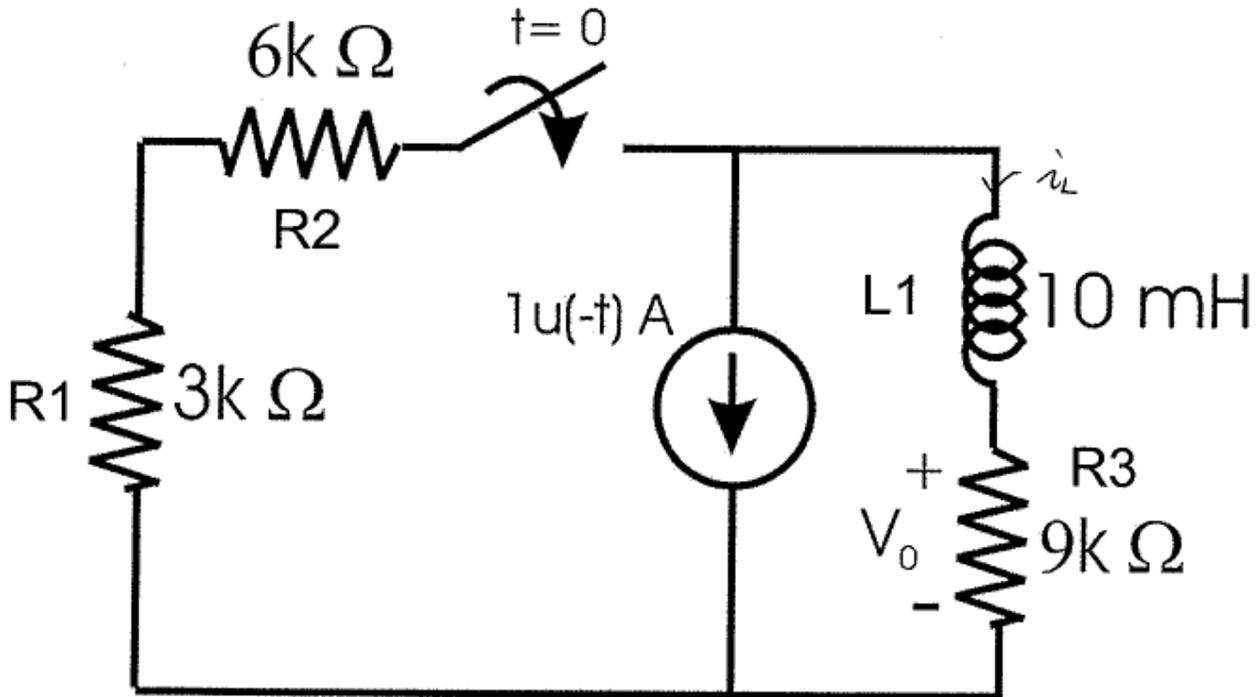
"If a person offends you... do not resort to extremes,
simply watch your chance and hit him with a brick."

- Mark Twain

Problem 2 First order circuits

(25 points)

Consider the circuit below.



a) What is the value of V_0 at $t = 0^+$? Write It in the BOX BELOW. (5 points)

$$V_0(0^+) = -9000 \text{ V.}$$

$$i_L(0^-) = -1 \text{ A} \Rightarrow i_L(0^+) = -1 \text{ A.}$$

$$V_0(0^+) = i_L(0^+) \cdot R_3 = -9000 \text{ V.}$$

b) Using whatever method you like (yes, anything, don't raise your hand to ask if you can use ~~XXX~~), provide a symbolic expression for the voltage $V_0(t)$ for $t > 0$ in the **BOX BELOW**. (17.5 points)

$$V_0(t) = -R_3 e^{-\frac{(R_1 + R_2 + R_3)t}{L}} \quad (V) \quad t > 0.$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_{eq}} = \frac{L}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$

$$V(0^+) = -R_3$$

$$V(\infty) = 0.$$

$$V(t) = -R_3 e^{-t/\tau}$$

c) Using the values provided in the figure, provide an expression for the voltage $V_0(t)$ for $t > 0$ in the **BOX BELOW**. (2.5 points)

$$V_0(t) = -9000 e^{-1.8 \times 10^6 t} \quad (V) \quad t > 0.$$

$$R_3 = 9000.$$

$$\frac{L_1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{10 \text{ mH}}{3\text{k} + 6\text{k} + 9\text{k}} = \frac{5}{9} \times 10^{-6}$$