

$$a = \frac{\Delta}{4p} , \quad x = \frac{2p\alpha N_e}{\Delta} , \quad \beta_{\pm} = \pm(x - \cos 2\theta) \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \det(H_M - Im) = 0 \\ & a^4 \left[(x - \cos 2\theta - m)(-x + \cos 2\theta - m) - \sin^2 2\theta \right] \\ & = a^4 \left[(\beta_+ - m)(\beta_- - m) - \sin^2 2\theta \right] = a^4 \left[\beta_+ \beta_- + m^2 - m(\beta_+ + \beta_-) - \sin^2 2\theta \right] = 0 \\ & \Rightarrow m^2 - (\beta_+ + \beta_-)m + \beta_+ \beta_- - \sin^2 2\theta = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$\beta_+ + \beta_- = x - \cos 2\theta - x + \cos 2\theta = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\beta_+ \beta_- = (x - \cos 2\theta)(-x + \cos 2\theta) = -x^2 - \cos^2 2\theta + 2x \cos 2\theta \quad (4)$$

And so:

$$m^2 = \sin^2 2\theta + (x - \cos 2\theta)^2 \Rightarrow m = \pm \sqrt{(x - \cos 2\theta)^2 + \sin^2 2\theta} \quad (5)$$