

Ch 2. #7)

Show that
$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^p = \frac{n^{p+1}}{p+1} + A_n^p + B_n^{p-1} + C_n^{p-2} + \dots$$

This formula holds for $p=0$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^0 = \frac{n^1}{1}$$

Now suppose the formula holds $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \mid n \leq p$

It follows that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^p = \frac{n^{p+1}}{p+1} + A_n^p + B_n^{p-1} + C_n^{p-2} + \dots$$

and

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^{p-1} = \frac{n^p}{p} + A_n^{p-1} + B_n^{p-2} + C_n^{p-3} + \dots$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^0 = \frac{n^1}{1}$$

Then

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^{p+1} = \frac{n^{p+2}}{p+2} + A_n^{p+1} + B_n^p + C_n^{p-1} + \dots$$