

## Nomenclature

- $\sigma_x$  Normal stress in the x direction, see equation (2)
- $c$  Local y-coordinates of the beam cross section area, see equation (2)
- $E$  Young's modulus, see equation (1)
- $I_y$  Moment of inertia about the y-axis, see equation (1)
- $M$  Internal moment, see equation (1)
- $y$  Deflection of beam, see equation (1)

## Answer

A (almost) fundamental relationship in mechanics of materials is shown in Equation 1.

$$EI_y y'' = M \quad (1)$$

Like I told you before, Equation 1 is only valid for small angle deflection. Be careful with this fact. So, if you know  $y(x)$ , you can produce the internal moment. From this internal moment, you can use

$$\sigma_x(x) = \frac{M(x)c}{I_y} \quad (2)$$

With Equation 2, you need to make sure your origin is placed at the centroid of the cross section of the beam.