

## Nomenclature

$\sigma_x$	Normal stress in the x direction, see equation (2)
$c$	Local y-coordinates of the beam cross section area, see equation (2)
$E$	Young's modulus, see equation (1)
$I_y$	Moment of inertia about the y-axis, see equation (1)
$M$	Internal moment, see equation (1)
$y$	Deflection of beam, see equation (1)

## Answer

A (almost) fundamental relationship in mechanics of materials is shown in Equation 1.

$$EI_y y'' = M \quad (1)$$

Like I told you before, Equation 1 is only valid for small angle deflection. Be careful with this fact. So, if you know  $y(x)$ , you can produce the internal moment. From this internal moment, you can use

$$\sigma_x(x) = \frac{M(x)c}{I_y} \quad (2)$$

With Equation 2, you need to make sure your origin is placed at the centroid of the cross section of the beam.